

**ABBREVIATED ANSWERS TO WORLD GEOGRAPHY TRIVIA GAME**

1 Robinson, Polar and Mercator projection	2 Ural Mountains	3 Distortion
4 Western Europe/ Northwest United States/ New Zealand	5 Primary/ Secondary,/ Tertiary	6 Command economy
7 Quebec	8 Rio Grande	9 Equator
10 Alps	11 International Date Line/ Prime Meridian	12 Yurts
13 Shinto	14 Parallels/ Meridians	15 Loess
16 Pampas / llanos	17 Hinduism	18 Polders
19 Coniferous evergreens (taiga)/ treeless plains (tundra)/ coarse grasses and some trees on margins of tropics (savanna)	20 Dome of the Rock (Islam) / Church of the Holy Sepulcher (Christianity)/ Western Wall (Judaism)	21 Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)
22 Pakistani Muslims and the Indian Hindus	23 Iron ore in Venezuela and Brazil/ copper in Chile	24 Russia (Siberia and other areas east of the Ural Mountains)
25 Communism (or dictatorship)	26 Po River	27 Fjords
28 Siberia	29 Developing	30 Australia
31 Exploration/ colonization/ imperialism	32 Greece and Rome	33 South Korea/ Taiwan/ Singapore
34 Great Britain/ Ireland/ Sicily/ Iceland	35 Water is being diverted for agriculture	36 Africa (or Sub-Saharan Africa)
37 After WWI Germany's colonies were taken away and divided (mostly to the victors of WWI)	38 Black Forest/ Venice/ Rhine, Danube and Seine Rivers	39 Near Iran and Oman—connects the Gulf of Oman with the Persian/Arabian Gulf
40 Latin America and/or the Caribbean	41 Africa	42 New York Stock Exchange
43 Europe	44 Machu Picchu is in Peru/ Tikal is in Guatemala	45 Sea of Japan v. East Sea / Arabian Gulf v. Persian Gulf
46 The climate/ limited transportation links/ the vastness of the country	47 Ruhr River	48 1948
49 <u>Kurdistan</u> is an area that includes parts of Iraq, Syria, Jordan, and Turkey/ <u>Kashmir</u> is in the Himalayan valley near India and Pakistan	50 The <i>sahel</i> is the semi-arid topical savanna and steppe that borders both sides of the Sahara Desert in Africa. (It is over 2000 miles long)	51 Pittsburgh was an important city for defense, then became a steel manufacturing center, and later a city of diverse services such as finances and light manufacturing
52 Influence of latitude/ influence of winds/ influence of elevation/ influence of ocean currents/ proximity to water	53 Rust Belt is area south of the Great Lakes/ Sun Belt is southern part of the United States	54 Agricultural terracing/ polders/ deforestation/ desertification (see WG-2b)
55 Steppes (dry, grassy plain) and deserts	56 Australia (Aborigines)/ New Zealand (Maori)	57 Paris, France (Notre Dame) / London, England (Westminster Abbey)
58 An undersea rail tunnel connecting England with France	59 To the west—India and Sri Lanka / to the east—Myanmar (Burma)/ to the north Bangladesh	60 Cairo, Egypt/ Istanbul, Turkey/ Tehran, Iran
61 United States and Canada	62 Judaism/ Christianity/ Islam	63 Amazon Basin/ Nepal/ Malaysia
64 Law of Sea/ China and United States/ multinational corporations/ NAFTA/ OPEC	65 South America (Atacama) / southern Africa—or Africa (Kalahari)	66 OAS (Organization of American States)/ ASEAN (Association of Southeast Asian Nations)
67 Where two or more rivers meet and join together /Khartoum, Sudan and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	68 Monsoons/ typhoons/ volcanoes/ earthquakes	69 Ganges (India)/ Yellow or Huang He (China)
70 Peace Corps	71 A situation	72 Tropical wet / Tropical wet and dry
73 The Middle East (also called North Africa and Southwest Asia)	74 United States	75 Mt. Fuji (Japan)/ Atlas (Africa)
76 Water	77 Russia	78 Turkey/ Iran/ Israel
79 Francophone world/ Commonwealth of Nations	80 floods, earthquakes, volcanoes, drought, hurricanes, monsoons, typhoons	81 Urban areas (see WG-11c)
82 Europe	83 Antarctica	84 A site
85 Near the coast	86 False—they are generally MORE connected to regions outside the country	87 GDP (Gross Domestic Product)/ land size/ population size/ resources
88 St. Basil (Moscow)/ St. Peter's Basilica (Vatican City or Rome)	89 a) Brazil b) Argentina c) Chile	90 The Suez Canal